



Data Link and Technology Integration Benefits to NAS Performance

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Outline

- Issues
- Background
- Methodology
- Results
- Summary and Recommendations





Issues

- URET and Data Link Communications Integration Benefits
- Data Link Benefit Analysis





Background

- Data Link Communications
- Benefits assessment
- User Request Evaluation Tool (URET)
- Benefits of Data Link-URET integration
- Excess Distance Analysis





Data Link

Data Link Communications is the Aeronautical Data Link System (ADLS) that provides data communications between aircraft and ground automation system in the en route sector.

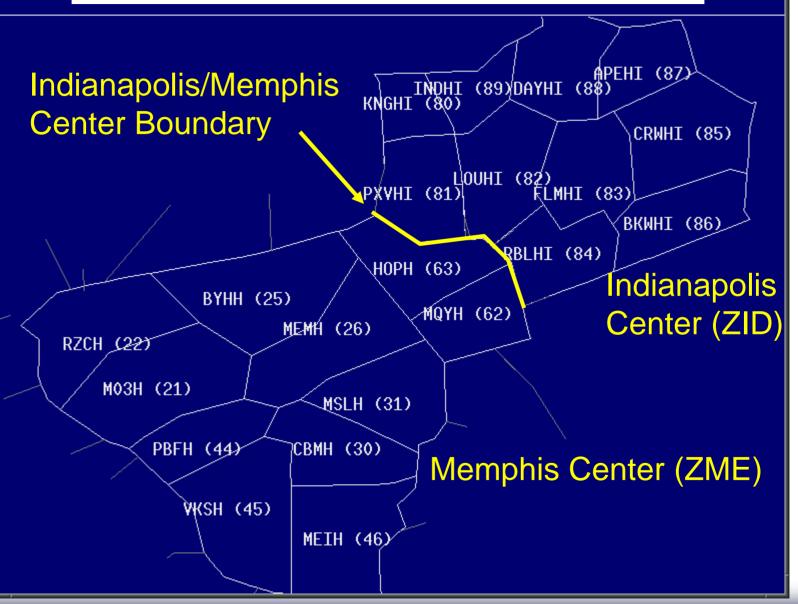
The Controller Pilot Data Link System complements voice communications and provides a link that is only used (in the initial stages, i.e., in the Build I phase) for routine messages, which make up about a half of all controller/pilot communications messages.





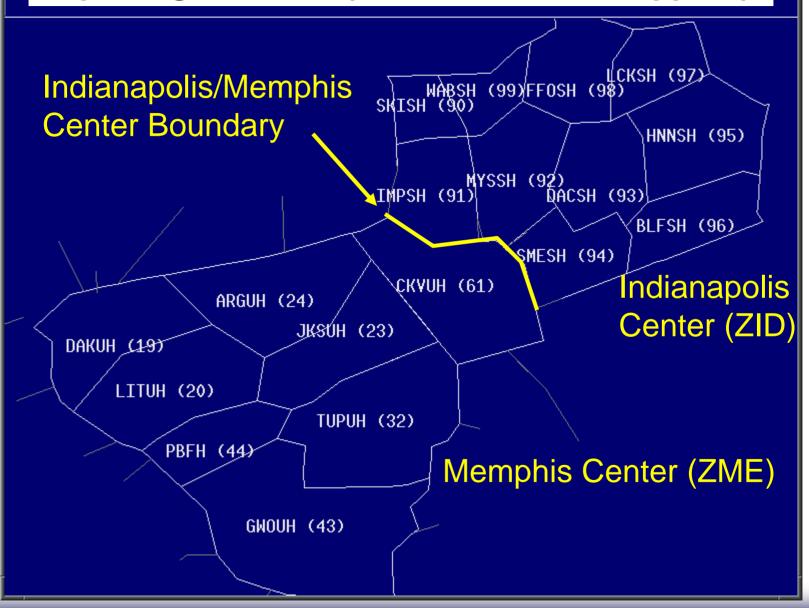
O<u>p</u>tions

High Sectors (FL240 to FL310 Approx)





Super High Sectors (FL330 and Above Approx)







Data Link









Data Link

- Build I
 - ■Transfer of communication
- Build IA
 - ☐ Assignments of speed, heading, altitude
 - ☐ Pilot initiated requests
 - ■Non-time critical messages from controller to pilot
- Build II
 - ☐ Enhancements, with emphasis on integration with DSTs





Benefits and Benefits Assessment

- Reduced frequency congestion, especially under high traffic density
- Benefits assessed as a reduction in frequency occupancy depending on the Data Link build in question
- Human factors should be looked at as well





URET

The User Request Evaluation Tool (URET) is the en route controller tool used:

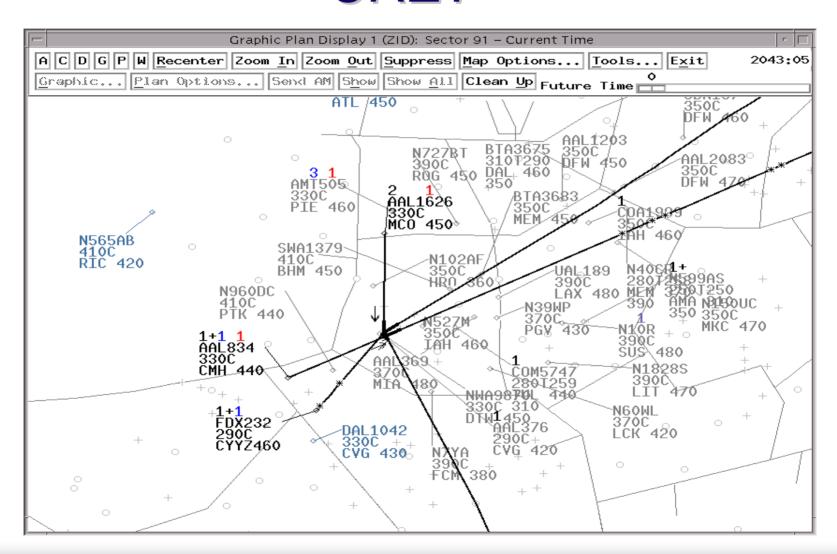
- to automatically detect and solve aircraft-to-aircraft and aircraft-to-airspace conflicts
- for trial planning of proposed Flight Plan amendments
- for automated controller coordination of problem resolutions
- for enhanced flight data management

The benefits and performance of URET have continuously been evaluated since 1997.





URET

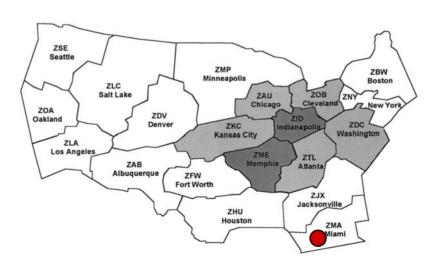






Data Link-URET Integration

- Benefits often assessed separately which can underestimate them
- ☐ Is it possible to send some conflict resolution messages via data link

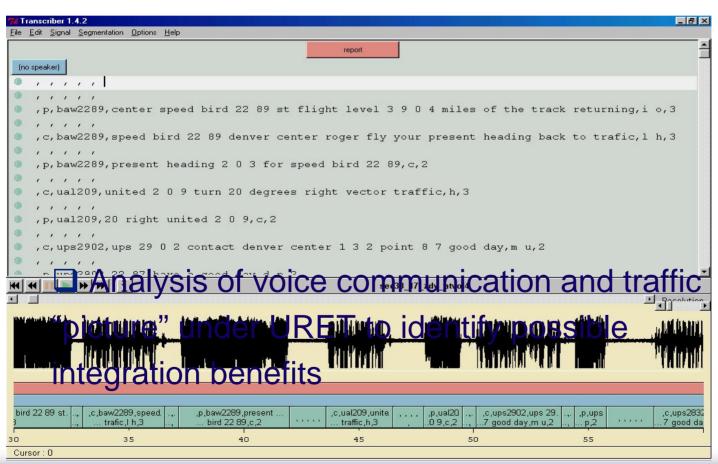






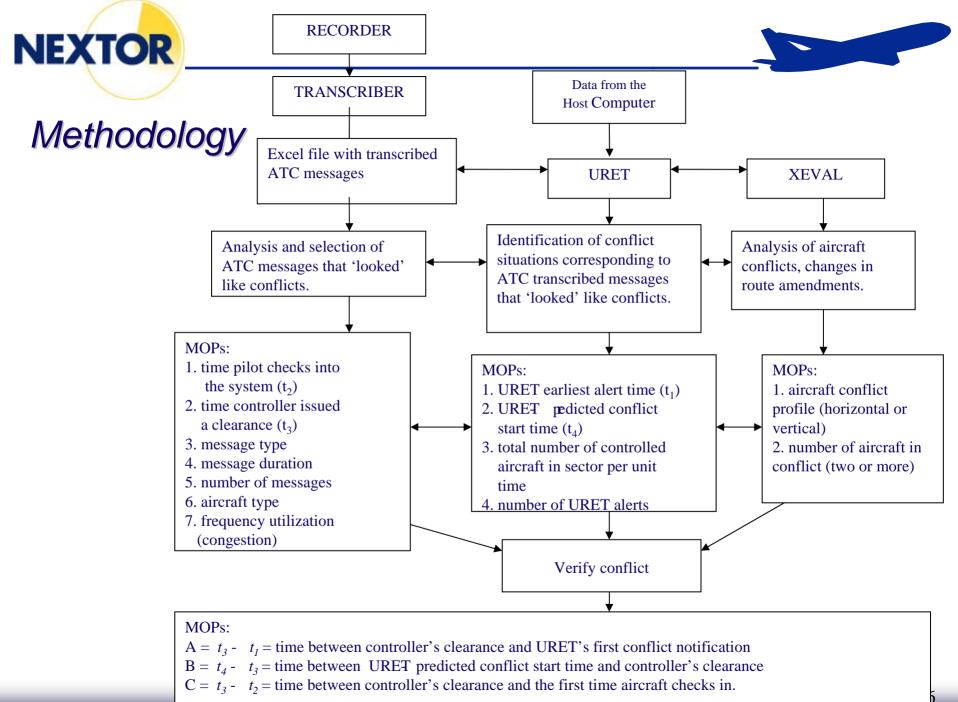
Methodology

☐ Two parts:



NEXTOR Transcribed Messages: Sample

Message No.	Time	Headway	Туре	A/C		
						Message Text
1	18:44:41		REQ	N34H	214	'32 to 39' " "
2	18:44:48	7	REM	N34H	214	" ' indi center roger' "
3	18:44:53	5	REM	UAL1235	447	" ' contact kansas city center at 133.22' "
4	18:44:55	2	REQ	UAL1235	447	'33 22 k c so long' " "
5	18:45:00	5	REM	RJX6160	243	" ' contact indi center 134.27' "
6	18:45:03	3	REQ	RJX6160	243	'34 27 good day' " "
7	18:45:16	13	RTE	UAL214	766	F " ' charleston' ' cleared present position direct to'
8	18:45:20	4	REQ	UAL214	766	'directly to charleston' " "
9	18:46:40	80	REQ	N92WG	988	'31 7 for 350' " "
10	18:46:44	4	REM	N92WG	988	" ' indi center roger' "
11	18:46:57	13	REM	N34H	214	" ' contact memphis center 124.12' "
12	18:47:02	5	REQ	N34H	214	'24 12' " "
13	18:50:20	198	REM	NWA286	333	" ' contact indi center 134.17' "
14	18:50:22	2	REQ	NWA286	333	'34 17 good day' " "
15	18:51:10	48	REM	UAL8170	567	" ' contact indi center 134.27 34 27' "
16	18:51:15	5	REQ	UAL8170	567	'34 27 good day' " "
17	18:51:26	11	REQ	UAL1940	355	you don't happen to have at 330 the wind and the ride do ya?' " "
18	18:51:36	10	REQ	SWA266	756	'370 good afternoon' " "
19	18:51:46	10	REM	SWA266	756	" ' i appreciate it thanks' "
20	18:51:51	5	REQ	TWA520	898	'crossing flight level 300 for 310' " "
21	18:51:57	6	ALT	TWA520	898	330 N " " C ' indi center' ' climb and maintain FL 330'
22	18:52:00	3	REQ	TWA520	898	'330' " "







Voice Communication Analysis

- Message analysis:
 - ■Type
 - □i.e. initial call, handoff message
 - □ Different message types will be covered in different CPDLC builds
 - **□**Complexity
 - □ Frequency occupancy and message duration





Voice Analysis Results

	Number of Messages	%(total)
Pilots	605	50.17
Controllers	601	49.83
Total	1206	100.00





Voice Analysis Results

Pilots' Message Type	No. of Messages	%(pilot)	%(total)
Initial call (I)	158	26.12	13.10
Request (Q)	10	1.65	0.83
Acknowledgement (A)	348	57.52	28.86
Other (O)	89	14.71	7.38
Total (pilot)	605	100.00	50.17





Voice Analysis Results

Controllers' messages		%	%
by TYPE	No. of Messages	(controller)	(total)
Heading (H)	54	8.99	4.48
Altitude (L)	44	7.32	3.65
Fix (F)	42	6.99	3.48
Route Amendment (R)	12	2.00	1.00
Routine Message (M)	292	48.59	24.21
Other (W)	157	26.12	13.02
Total (controller)	601	100.00	49.83





URET- Data Link Integration Analysis

Metric definition

□ Identify clearances used for resolution of URET conflict alerts

Identify the clearances that could be sent via data link





Question

Are there any **clearances** given to pilots to resolve traffic conflicts a sufficient time before the start that we might consider delivering by data link?





Question

Is it feasible to communicate conflict resolution messages using data link in the integrated URET/Data Link environment?





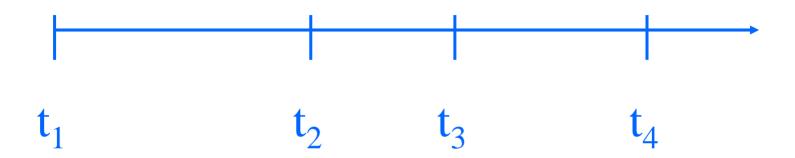
Question

If it is feasible, what would be the impact on frequency utilization?





Metric Definition: Relevant Times



 t_1 = time of URET conflict alert, which will occur at t_4

 t_2 = time of initial call

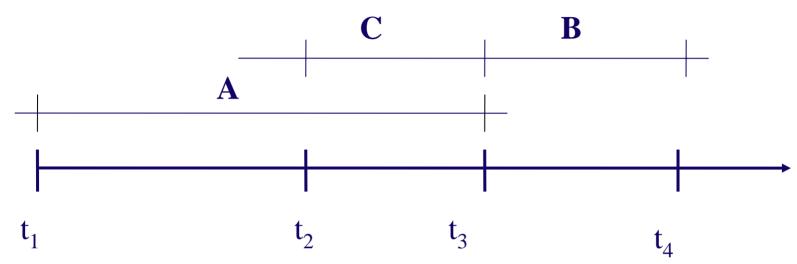
 t_3 = controller issued a conflict resolution clearance

 t_4 = URET-predicted conflict start time





Metric Definition



 $A = t_3 - t_1 = time between controller's clearance and URET's conflict notification$

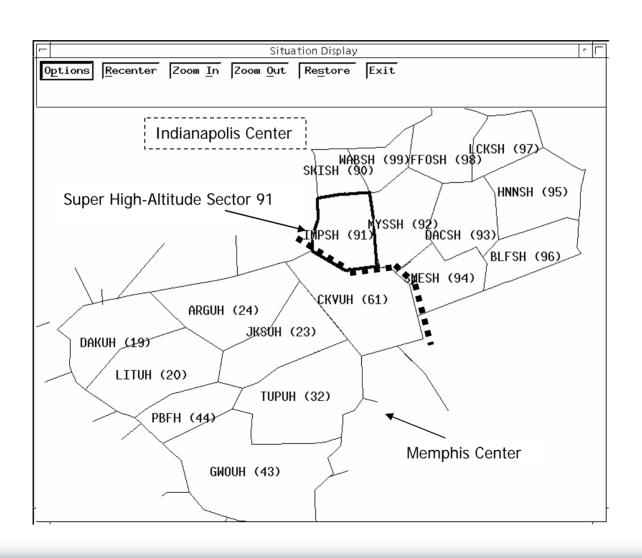
 $B = t_4 - t_3 = time$ between URET-predicted conflict start time and controller's clearance

 $C = t_3 - t_2$ = time between controller's clearance and the first time aircraft checks in.



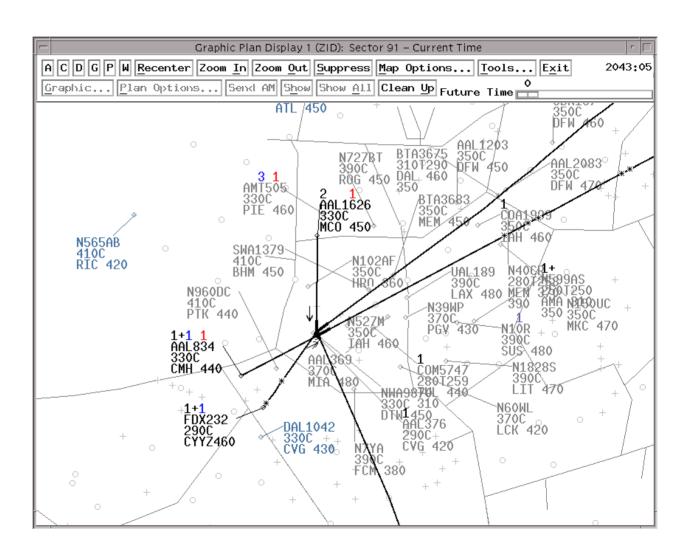


Description of the Study Area





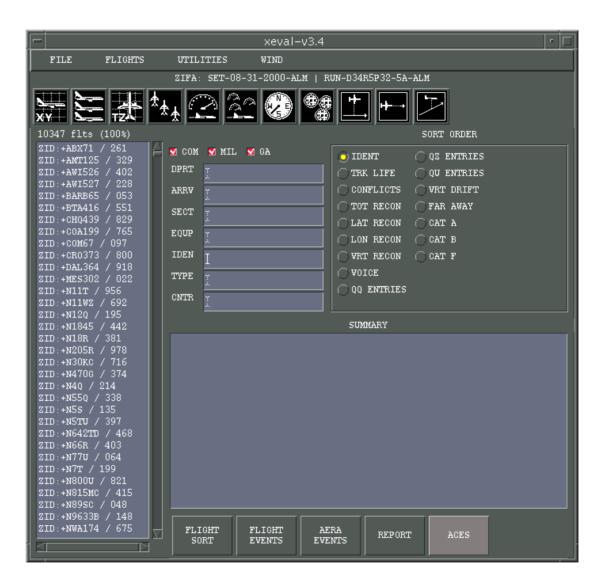
URET Conflict Display for Three Aircraft







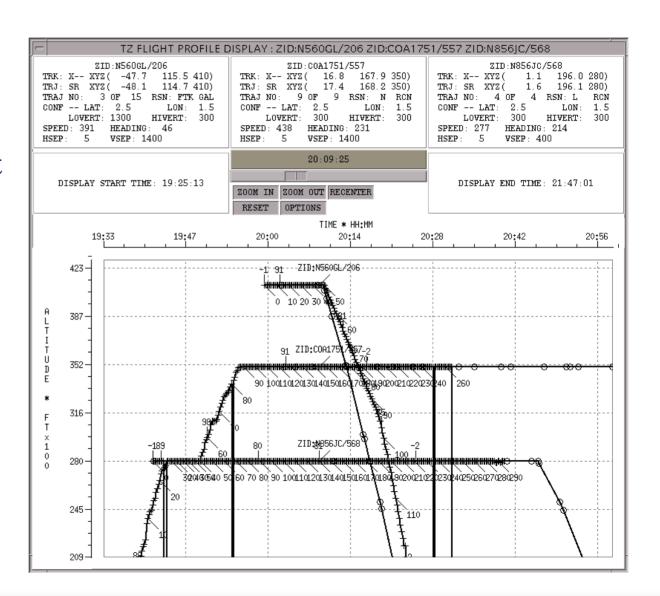
XEVAL Control Panel







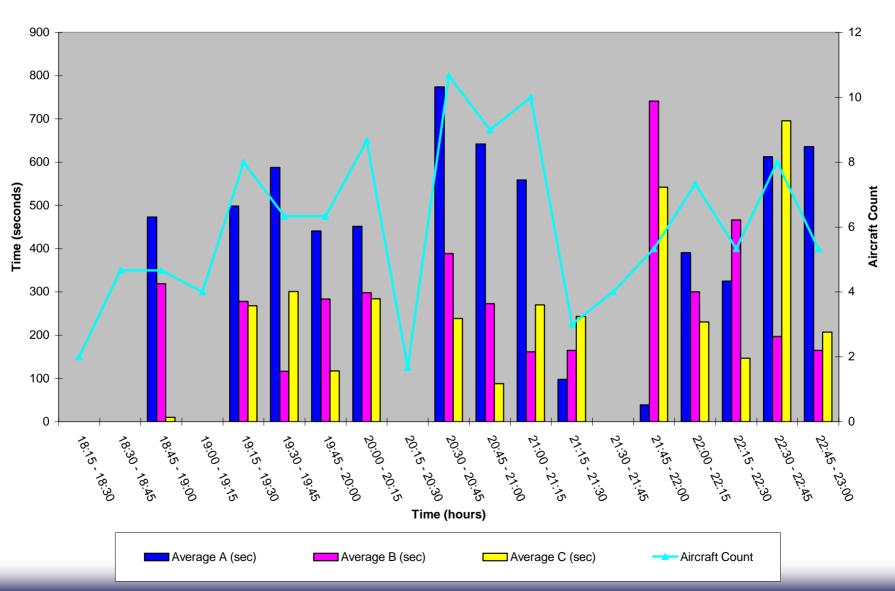
XEVAL Vertical Conflict Analysis for Three Aircraft







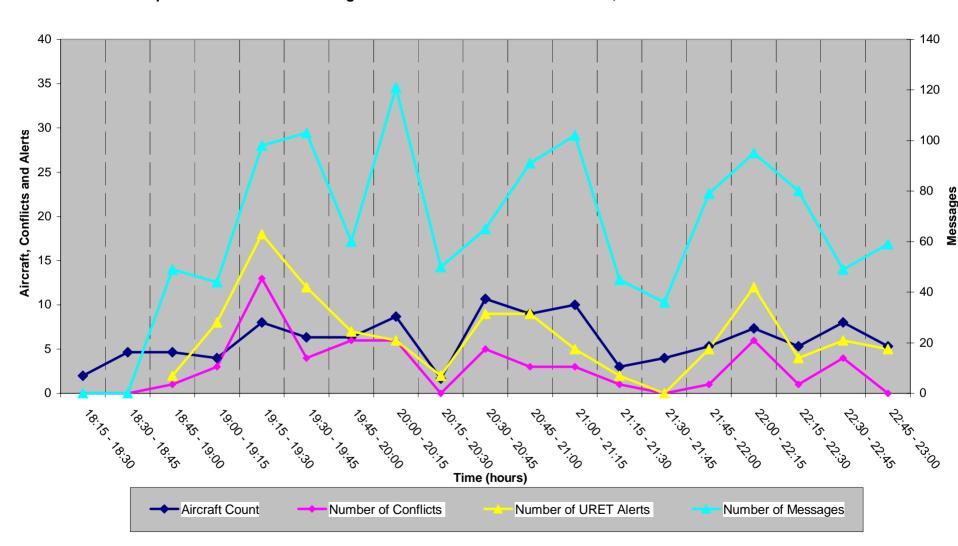
Comparison of Relevant Time Intervals Durations with Aircraft Count







Comparison of Number of Messages with the Number of Aircraft Present, Potential Conflicts and URET Alerts





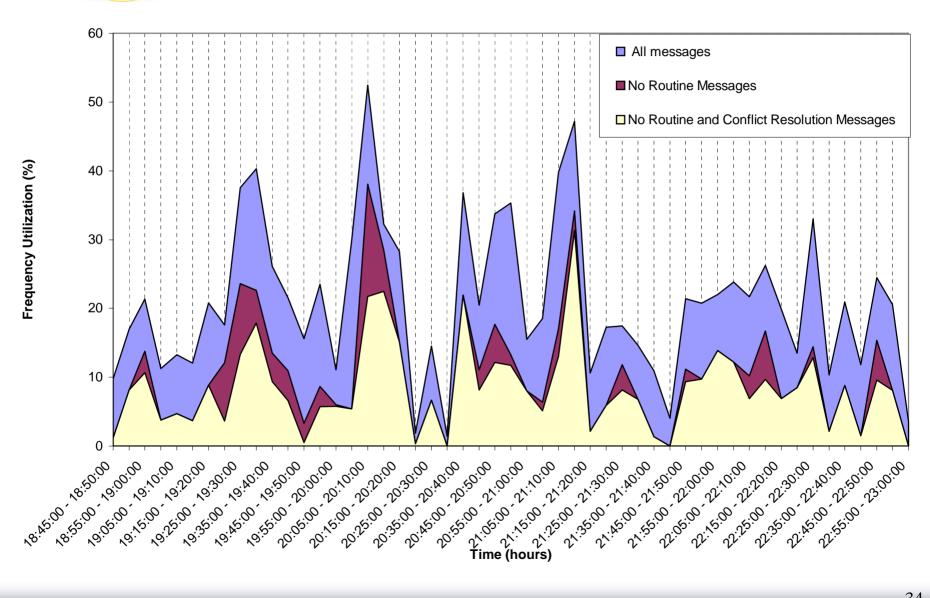


Correlation	Number of Aircraft In Sector	Number of Conflicts	Number of Messages	Number of URET Alerts
Number of Aircraft in Sector	1			
Number of Conflicts	0.581	1		
Number of Messages	0.669	0.666	1	
Number of URET				
Alerts	0.527	0.745	0.574	1





Frequency Utilization for Different CPDLC Builds







Conclusions

- There are significant benefits in frequency reduction
- Largest benefits during busy hours
- Possibility of lowering of communication errors



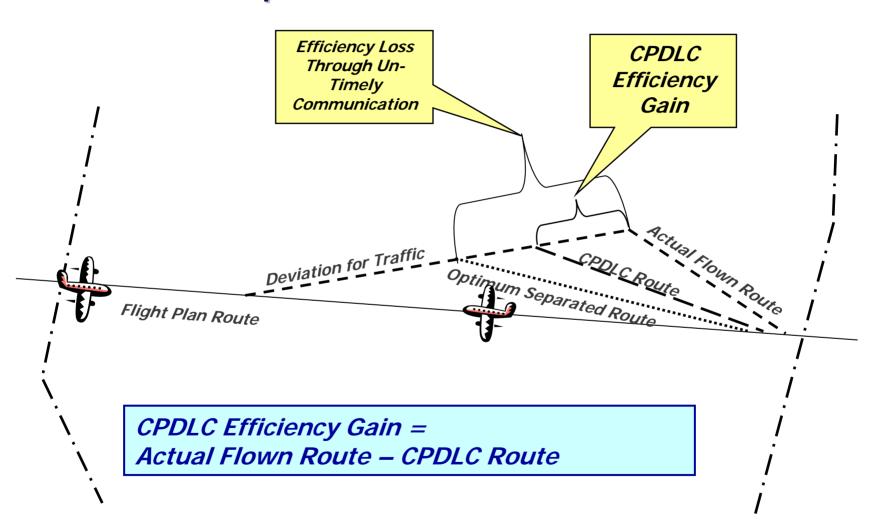


Data Link Efficiency Analysis Objective

□ Correlate Frequency Congestion and Aircraft Excess Distance





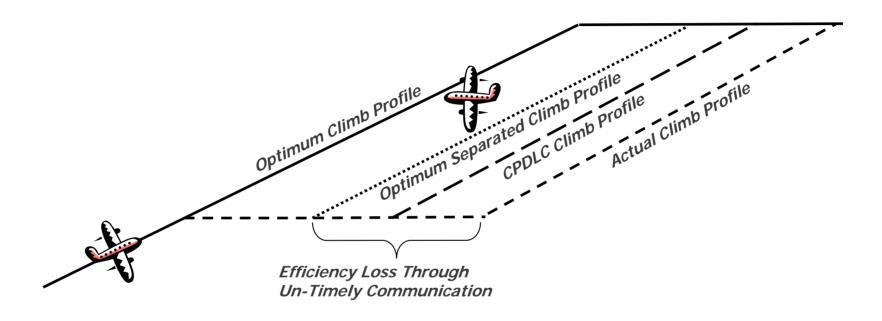


Source: FFP1 Metrics Team





Example of Potential Benefits



CPDLC Vertical Efficiency Benefit = Fuel Burn for Actual Climb Profile - Fuel Burn for CPDLC Climb Profile

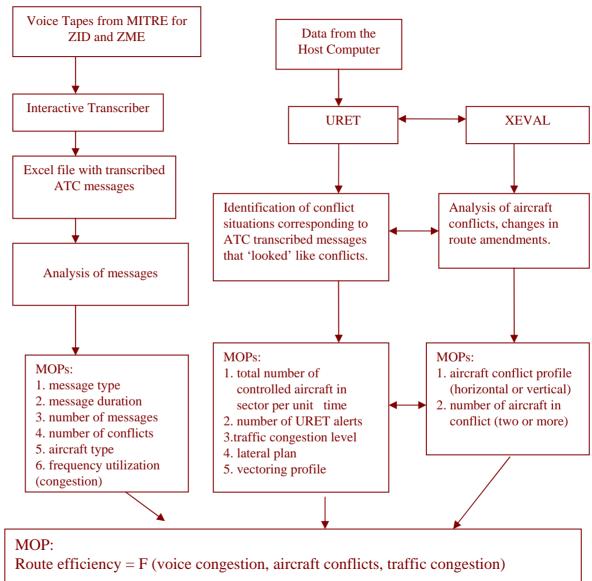
Source: FFP1 Metrics Team



Conceptual Framework: URET Sectors



Methodology









• Sector 91, ZID Center

URET traffic was analyzed and conflicts were detected.

Xeval was used for detailed analysis of conflicts/vectored aircraft.

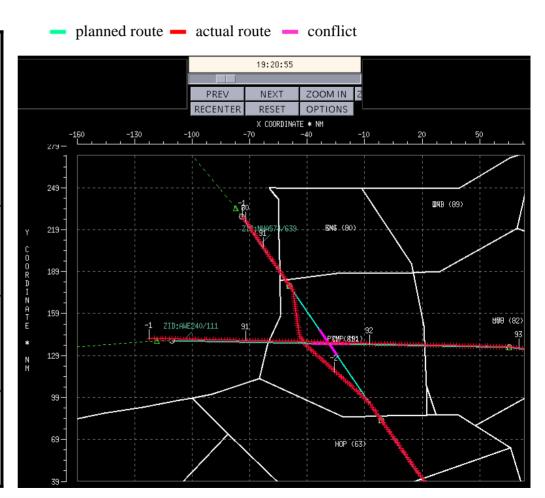






From voice tapes and URET

-			
A/C ID	Conflict with aircraft (from URET)	Time message issued (from voice tapes)	Controller's Message (from voice tapes)
NWA 574	AWE 240	19:25:32	"turn right 20 degrees please for traffic"
NWA 574	AWE 240	19:29:25	"turn left 10 degrees"
NWA 574	AWE 240	19:30: 04	"you are cleared left turn now on course"



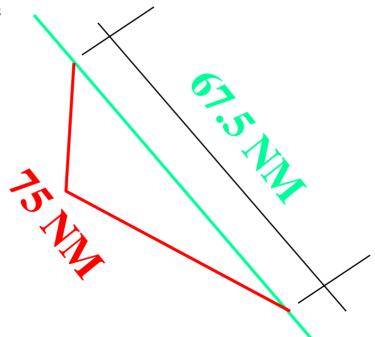


Example: Aircraft NWA574



Excess Distance from Xeval:

- planned route
- actual route



excess distance = 7.5 NM



Relevant Information

TIME INTERVAL: 19:15 – 19:30 PM

Number of Communicati	98	
Aircraft in Sector 91:		8
Aircraft URET Alerts:		18
Conflicts:		13
Frequency Utilization:	19:15-19:20	20%
_ •	19:20-19:25	17.61%
	19:25-19:30	37.57%
	19:30-19:35	40%





List of Analyzed Sectors:

Indianapolis ZID Center

Sector		Time Interval (ZULU)	Sector Size	Conflicts (#)
Name (#)	Altitude			(derived from URET)
92	SH	19:15 – 19:45	med/large	peak
92	SH	21:45 – 22:15	med/large	low
95	SH	18:45 – 19:15	large	peak
98	SH	22:30 – 23:00	med/large	desc. peak
80	Н	18:45 – 19:15	small	first peak
83	Н	21:15 – 21:45	medium	low
84	Н	21:00 – 21:30	med/large	medium
85	Н	20:30 - 21:00	large	low
87	Н	19:30 – 20:00	med/small	med. peak
89	Н	20:45 – 21:15	small	second peak
89	Н	22:00 – 22:30	small	second peak





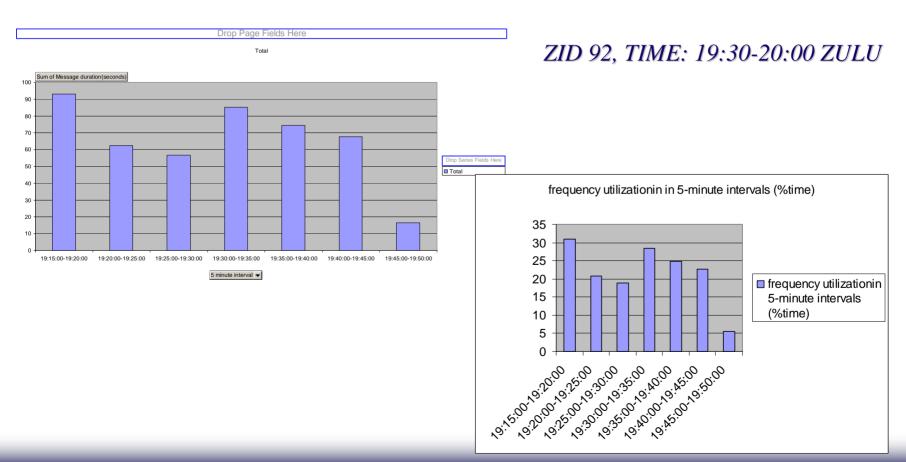
Representative sample was made up of various sectors with different:

- altitudes (H and SH)
- time intervals,
- sector sizes
- traffic demands and
- conflict types and counts.





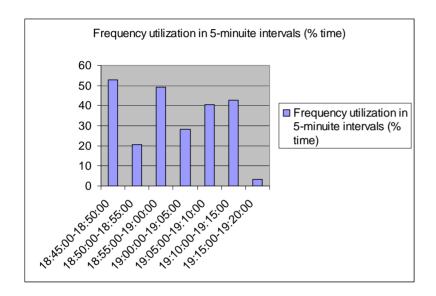
Frequency utilization was calculated for 30-minute segments, for previously listed sectors. Some sectors included more than one sample.



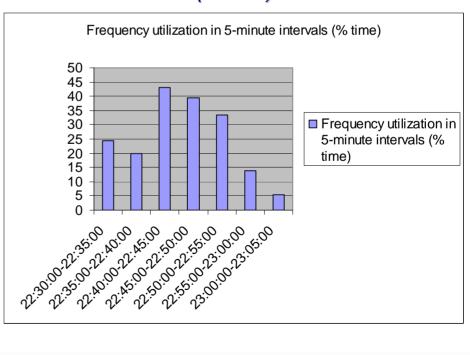




Sector 80, Time period: 18:45-19:15 (ZULU)



Sector 98, Time period: 22:30 – 23:00 (ZULU)

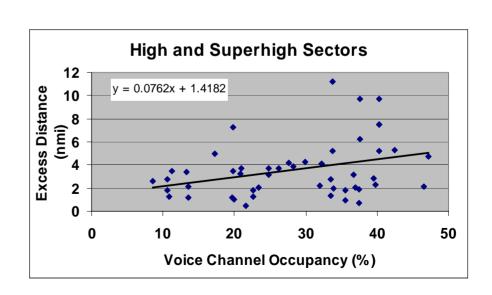




High and Super-High Sectors

- □ Transcribed a total of ~18 hours of voice communications
- Used URET XEVAL tool to analyze conflicts and determine excess distance
- Excess distance increases by 0.076 nmi for each percent voice channel occupancy
- Example: if CPDLC reduces voice channel occupancy by 20 percentage points, expect 1.4 miles in savings per laterally resolved conflict
- 50% of conflicts resolved laterally

S	Sector	Time Interval (ZULU)	Sector Size	Conflicts (#)
Name (#)	Altitude			(derived from URET)
92	SH	19:15 – 19:45	med/large	peak
92	SH	21:45 – 22:15	med/large	low
95	SH	18:45 – 19:15	large	peak
98	SH	22:30 - 23:00	med/large	desc. peak
80	Н	18:45 – 19:15	small	first peak
83	Н	21:15 – 21:45	medium	low
84	Н	21:00 - 21:30	med/large	medium
85	Н	20:30 - 21:00	large	low
87	Н	19:30 – 20:00	med/small	med. peak
89	Н	20:45 - 21:15	small	second peak
89	Н	22:00 – 22:30	small	second peak







Summary

- ☐ Engineering approach for solving complex Data Link issues was presented.
- Methodology using URET, Xeval and Transcriber proved to be very useful and well-designed.
- ☐ Future work should include HUMAN FACTORS ISSUES:
 - Controller's and pilots workload
 - ☐ Situation Awareness
 - ☐ Change in workload distribution from aural to primarily visual