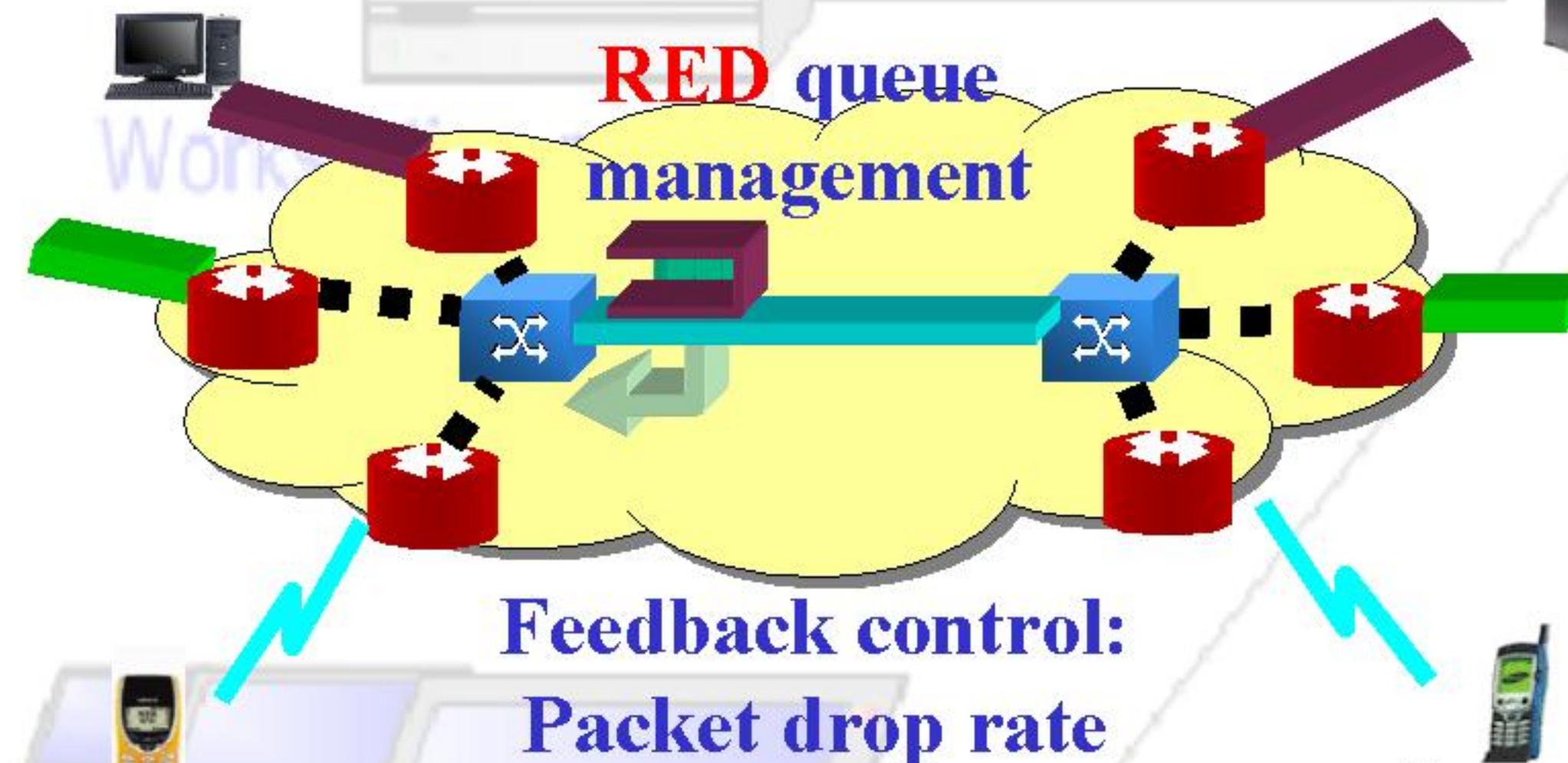


Nonlinear Analysis of TCP-RED Instabilities

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Problem: How to set RED parameters in a robust way?

Approach: Use a dynamical system perspective to stability



Mathematical Modeling:

$$\begin{aligned} q_{k+1} &= G(p_k) \\ \bar{q}_{e,k+1} &= A(\bar{q}_{e,k}, q_{k+1}) \\ p_{k+1} &= H(\bar{q}_{e,k+1}) \end{aligned}$$

✓ Essentially nonlinear first order discrete time dynamical system

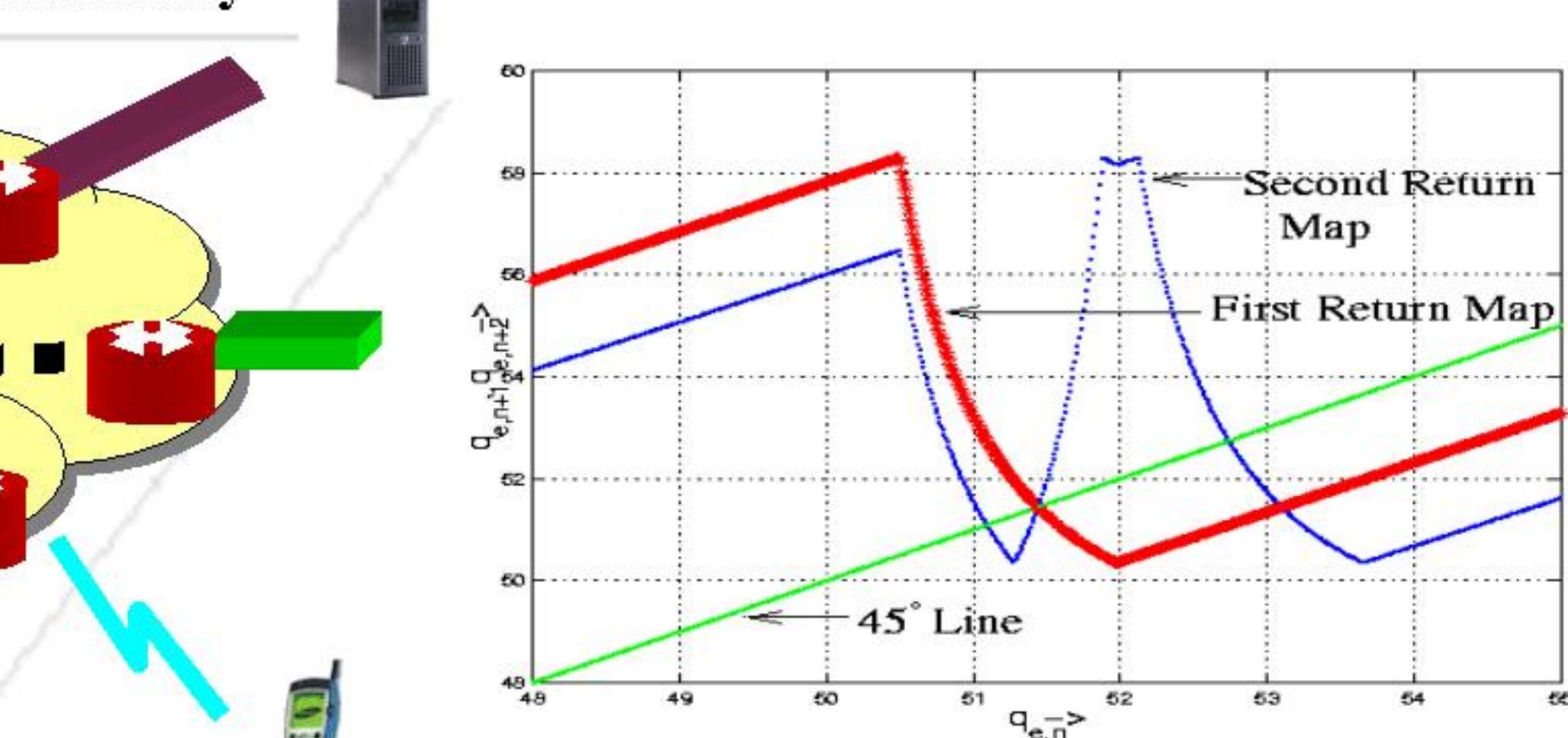
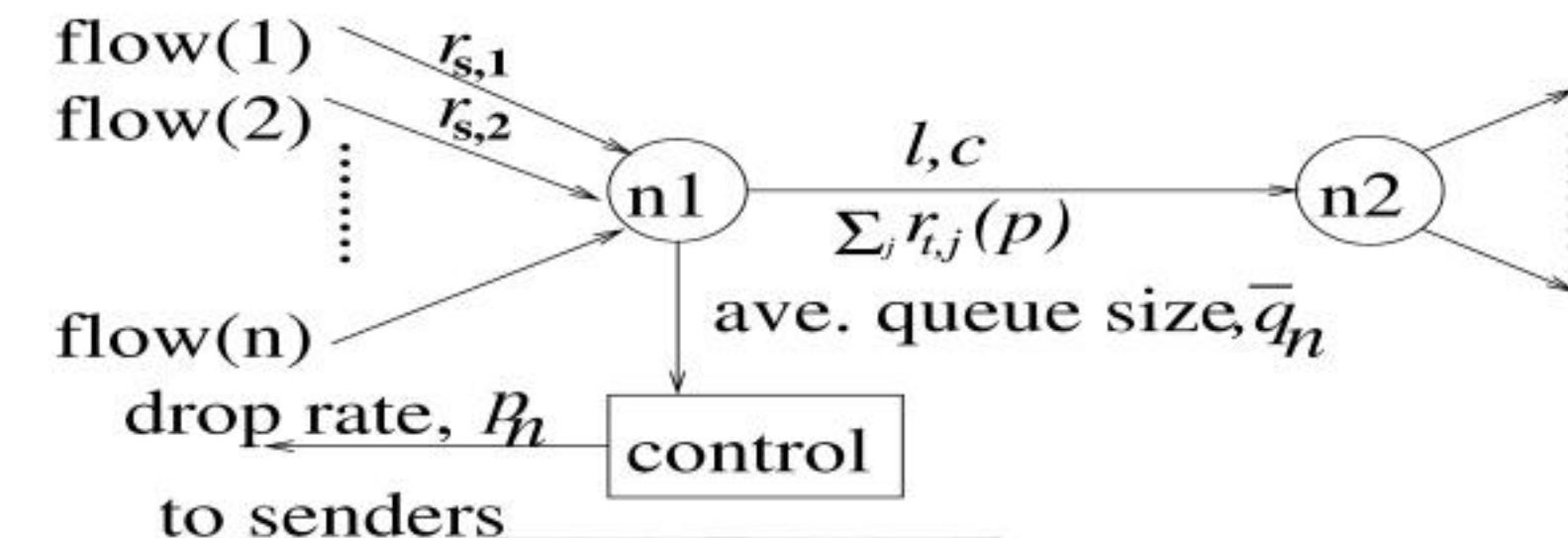
✓ Nonlinearity comes from TCP transfer function, square root dependence on drop prob.

✓ Model as a self clocking system

✓ Piecewise smooth map

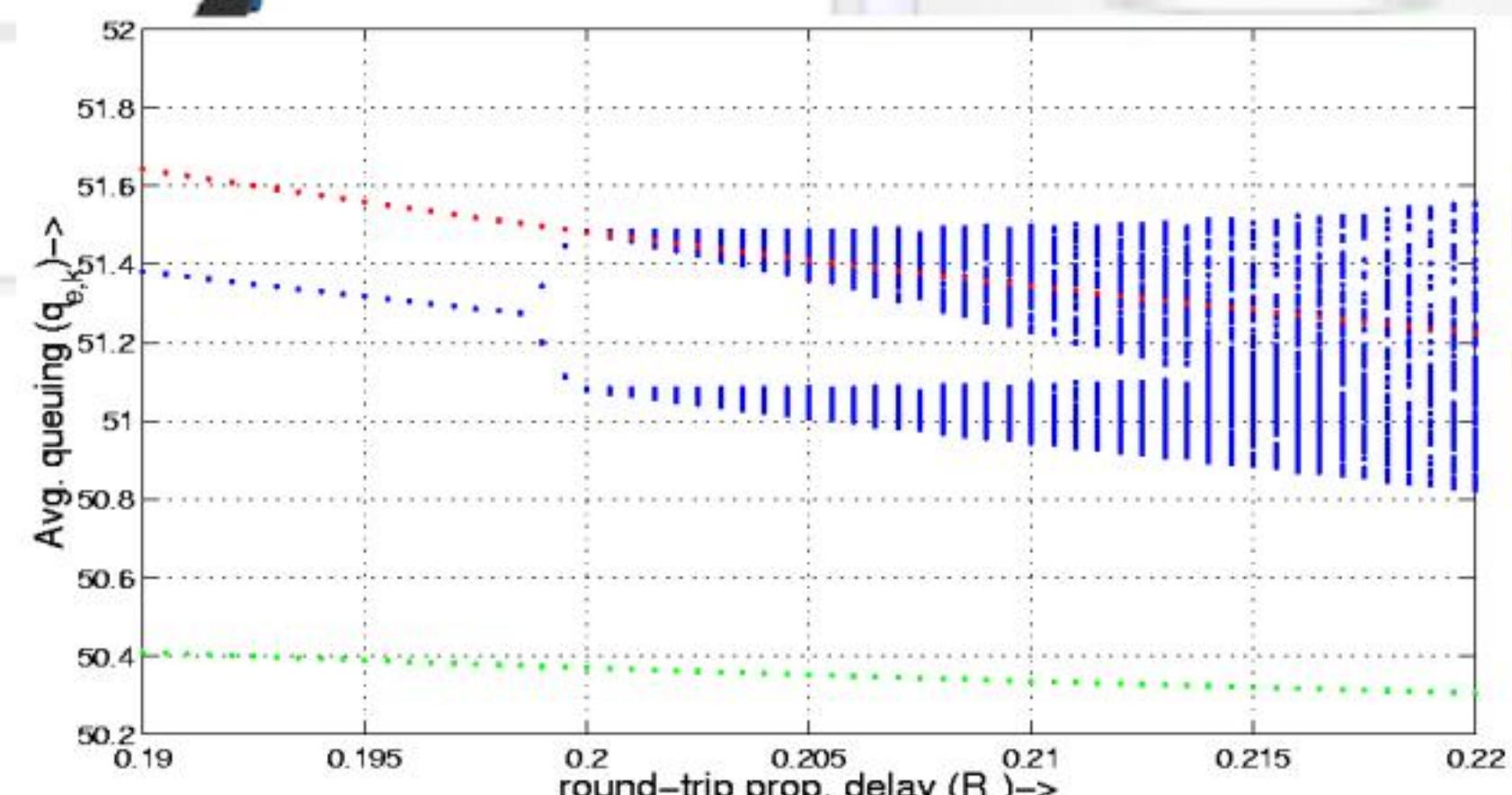
Simplified one hop network model as a feedback system

Senders



First and second return map and their intersection with 45 degree line show the existence of a fixed point and period two orbit

- ✓ Stability analysis of period doubling and dynamical stability criteria
- ✓ Provides stability criteria for emerging period two orbit
- ✓ Uses bifurcation diagrams to investigate the solutions as system parameters like number of connection (n), round trip time (R) and RED parameters like pmax, q_min, q_max and exponentially averaging weight (w) vary.
- ✓ Existence of primary bifurcation in the form of period doubling
- ✓ Secondary bifurcations like border collision
- ✓ Sequence of bifurcations leading to Chaos
- ✓ Sensitivity observed in practice can be reproduced from



Bifurcation diagram with respect to round trip delay R_0 .

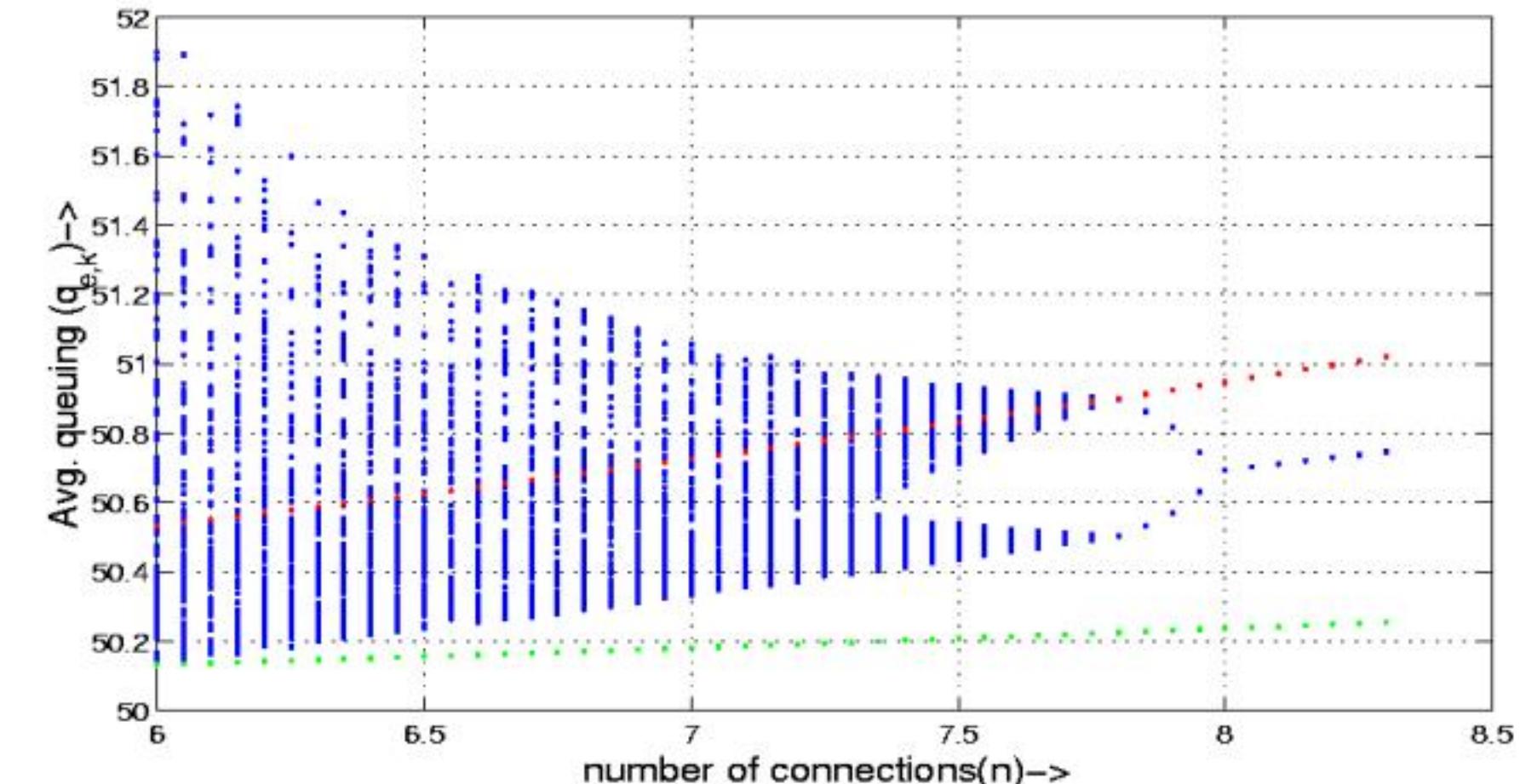
One Dimensional First Order Discrete Time Map:

$$\bar{q}_{e,k+1} = \begin{cases} (1-w)\bar{q}_{e,k} & \text{if } \bar{q}_{e,k} > b_1 \\ (1-w)\bar{q}_{e,k} + wB & \text{if } \bar{q}_{e,k} < b_2 \\ (1-w)\bar{q}_{e,k} + w\left(\frac{nK}{p_{max}(\bar{q}_{e,k}-q_{min})} - \frac{R_0c}{M}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$\therefore f(\bar{q}_{e,k}, \rho)$

where ρ represents the parameter vector in the system.

- n = Number of active TCP connections
 M = Maximum segment size or packet size
 R_0 = Round trip time
 K = Modeling constant between 1 and $\sqrt{8/3}$
 w = Exp. averaging weight
 c = Bottleneck bandwidth



Bifurcation diagram with respect to number of TCP connections (n).

Conclusion:

Model successfully captures the dynamical phenomena of TCP networks with RED AQM and provides useful information about setting control parameters. It also gives insight to formulate new control mechanisms.

Reference: Nonlinear Instabilities of TCP-RED by P. Ranjan, E. H. Abed and R. La, Accepted for INFOCOM 2002.